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This journal brings authentic experiences of social workers, doctors and teachers working for the International Scientific Group of Applied Preventive Medicine I-GAP Vienna in Austria, where they have been preparing students for the social practise over a number of years. Our goal is to create an appropriate studying programme for social workers. A programme which would help them to fully develop their knowledge, skills and qualification as the quality level in social work studying programmes is increasing along with the growing demand for social workers.

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ABSTRACTS OF THE 3-RD

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IMPRESSUM
CLINICAL SOCIAL WORK, 2011

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Few words from the Editor-in-Chief

This journal brings authentic experiences of our social workers, doctors and teachers working for the International Scientific Group of Applied Preventive Medicine I-GAP Vienna in Austria, where we have been preparing students for the social practise over a number of years. Our goal is to create an appropriate studying programme for social workers, a programme which would help them to fully develop their knowledge, skills and qualification. The quality level in social work studying programme is increasing along with the growing demand for social workers.

Students want to grasp both: theoretical knowledge and also the practical models used in social work. And it is our obligation to present and help students understand the theory of social work as well as showing them how to use these theoretical findings in evaluating the current social situation, setting the right goals and planning their projects. This is a multidimensional process including integration on many levels. Students must respect client's individuality, value the social work and ethics. They must be attentive to their client's problems and do their best in applying their theoretical knowledge into practice.

It is a challenge to deliver all this to our students. That is also why we have decided to start publishing our journal. We prefer to use the term 'clinical social work' rather than social work even though the second term mentioned is more common. There is some tension in the profession of a social worker coming from the incongruity about the aim of the actual social work practice. The question is whether its mission is a global change of society or an individual change within families. What we can agree on, is that our commitment is to help people reducing and solving the problems which result from their unfortunate social conditions. We believe that it is not only our professional but also ethical responsibility to provide therapeutic help to individual and families whose lives have been marked with serious social difficulties.

Finding answers and solutions to these problems should be a part of a free and independent discussion forum within this journal. We would like to encourage you – social workers, students, teachers and all who are interested, to express your opinions and ideas by publishing in our journal. Also, there is an individual category for students' projects.

In the past few years there have been a lot of talks about the language suitable for use in the field of the social work. According to Freud, a client may be understood as a patient and a therapist is to be seen as a doctor. Terminology used to describe the relationship between the two also depends on theoretical approach. Different theories use different vocabulary as you can see also on the pages of our journal.

Specialization of clinical social work programmes provides a wide range of education. We are determined to pass our knowledge to the students and train their skills so they can one day become professionals in the field of social work. Lately, we have been witnessing some crisis in the development of theories and methods used in clinical social work. All the contributions in this journal are expressing efforts to improve the current state. This issue of CWS Journal brings articles about social work, psychology and other social sciences.

Michal Oláh
Peter G. Fedor-Freybergh

ABSTRACTS OF THE 3-RD CONFERENCE ON CURRENT ISSUES IN SOCIAL WORK, VIENNA 22-30.6.2011

BAVÚZ, A. , ŽIDEK B. : *Influence of drugs in the micro region Sereď*

Abstract

The presented diploma work refers to theme of drugs and drug dependences. It contains basic knowledge about above listed themes and systematizes it. The main goal of our diploma work is to stress out the need of attempt to find solution for problems of drugs and drug dependence to eliminate the using of narcotics. The vital part of presented diploma work is the research realized at primary and secondary schools in town Sereď and its processing.

Key words
Drugs, prevention, dependence, school, family, addicts, health damage and problems

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BLINOVÁ, J., SCHAVEL, M. : *Contemporary questions in further education of social workers.*

Abstract

The purpose of the thesis is to present the issue of further training of social workers. The study analyzes their interest in specific areas which they wish to be develop, characterizes the notion of "social work" and "social worker" in Slovakia from the beginning of their evolution to present days, introduces the education in Slovakia and outlines the act no. 386/1997 of the Laws about further education. The study also determines existing institutions and associations for further education of social workers as for example Slovak Academic Association for International Cooperation. The mentioned organizations were crucial in founding possibilities for further training of social workers. The thesis sets down the concept and history of supervision and its associated profession - supervisor. Finally, the paper mentions the basics of social counseling, which is an integral part of social work and cites documents on continuing education elaborated by the Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Labor, Social Affairs and Family either.

Key words: Social work. Social worker. Code of Ethics. Institute of further education of social workers. Slovak Academic Association for International Cooperation. Supervision.

BOHUŠOVÁ, Z. DOKTOROV, A. : *Public Attitudes to the Problem of Domestic Violence*

Abstract

Thesis informs of the current attitude to the issue of domestic violence. At the same time it educates the public on how to recognize domestic violence, how to prevent violence and where to go when experiencing abuse. The work consists of theoretical and empirical parts. The theoretical part consists of six chapters. The first chapter is devoted to social work. The second chapter describes domestic violence, describes possible signs, forms, stages, causes, myths and facts that surround it, its cycle and the actors of domestic violence. The third chapter discusses the functions of the family, abuse in the family and discusses the problem of gender stereotyping, the impact of upbringing on the formation of violent behavior in males. The fourth chapter analyzes the extent and evolution of the problem of domestic violence as well as socio-economic and health consequences of domestic violence victims. The fifth chapter highlights the situation of women in Slovakia, and gives a brief overview of protection from domestic violence, embodied in the documents of the Government of the Slovak Republic as well as in international documents. The last chapter focuses on a number of NGOs in Slovakia. The empirical part of the work is the interpretation of survey results, verification of hypotheses and the drawn conclusions. The aim of the survey is to map the positions of the Slovak population on the issue of domestic violence against women in partner relations and contribute to the prevention and eradication of this serious problem in the mind of the public.

Key words
Domestic violence. Violence against women. Social Work. Prevention.

BYRTUS, M. , TOLNAYOVÁ, V. : *Social problems of addicts*

Abstract

People with addictions are very difficult to avoid social problems. We can say that addiction is a source of social problems. We tried to highlight the social problems that cause addiction and dependence on his relatives in our work, highlight the negative consequences for the individual and society. We tried to bring the reader to various forms of addiction and warn against their sides, but also health dangers. In the practical part of the research, we focused on obtaining information on social problems that people with addictions often affect whether, how and when they are able to deal with them and if their life depending on the influence of changing for the worse.

Key words
Dependence. Social problem. The consequences of addiction. Shower.

DEDIČOVÁ, Z. ,VEREŠ, M. : *Social services for homeless people as a tool of social inclusion in Bratislava.*

Abstract

The thesis is focused on specific social issues, specifically on social inclusion of homeless through provided social services in Bratislava. The aim of the thesis is ground in with the issue and to point out seriousness of the problem.
Individual chapters are focused on homeless issue and in wider context portray possibilities of the Bratislava homeless. The core of the thesis is focused on social services available for Bratislava homeless.
The thesis also contains research focused on possibilities for integration in society from client point of view.

Key words
Homelessness. Social work. Social help. Inclusion. Social services. Social problem.

HRDÁ, B. , SCHAVEL, M. : *Social guidance in employment services.*

Abstract

The thesis is focused on the issues of social counseling for unemployed people. It has theory - empirical nature. It describes the unemployment, where an important role is played by consulting services. Consultancy focuses on the rights of individuals to decide individually on the basis of the information obtained. This thesis deals with the concept of unemployment and in particular the concept of advice. It focuses on active labor market measures and the promotion of citizens in the labor market realized via aid tools. It analyzes the results of a survey of unemployed people in the state provided consultancy services for employment offices.

Key words
Unemployment. Social counselor. Social client. The labor market.

CHACHAĽÁKOVÁ, M., CINA, S. : *Influence of the gipsy mother on bringing up and educating children*

Abstract

Thesis brings knowledge about values and value aspects of gipsy mother in the Stropkov region. Status of the gipsy mother has been examined in traditional and current gipsy families. The gipsy family has undergone a remarkable change. On one hand, family tries to cope with changes, on the other hand the family seems to be resistant and selective in its reaction to external impulse. The main target of the final thesis was to identify and compare status of the gipsy woman – mother in family, her influence on bringing up and educating children. The thesis is aimed at gipsy woman and mother.

The research in this work was made in the gipsy locality "Za Jarkom", "Pod Laščíkom" and in non-gipsy part of Stropkov. The "living story" method of selected people was applied in research.

Key words
Education value. Education. Gipsy woman. Ethnic.

JAKUBCOVA, M. , CSERHELYI, R. : *Working inclusion of marginalized citizens*

Abstract

The work is thematically focused on selected groups of marginalized people, and their integration work. This work describes the possibility of social protection of marginalized citizens, the cause of their marginalization while exploring the possibilities and willingness to work, incorporating these groups into work. A characteristic of the social worker position in this field is also a part of the thesis.

Key words
Work integration. Marginalized citizens. Homeless. Disabled people. Roma ethnicity.

KARDOŠOVÁ, I. , PAUŠ, E. : *Alcoholism and its influence to the social growth of adolescent*

Abstract

Diploma´s work contains five chapters. In the first chapter is specified alcohol, its definition and uprising, history of alcohol and what it causes and how it made life of people in the past easier. Alcoholism is a global and relevant problem. The second chapter contains determination of alcoholism, its uprising and uprising of depending on alcohol. We describe here social implications and whatever it spawns in family. The third chapter describes alcohol at adolescent, drinking of alcohol and abusing of young people. We describe here influence on the health of adolescent, how it works to the psychical and physical activities and their social growth. Important is influence of alcohol on the adolescent in family environment. We are trying to find out the right moment, when rational influence of family change the movement when child is incorrigible and it changes family environment. It´s important to say that family is the most important factor for improvement of personality. In fourth chapter we describe mostly prevention and types of prevention and its aims, how we could protect children from drinking alcohol. Fifth chapter includes interpretation drinking of alcohol by adolescent and interpretation of answer sheet.

Key words
Alcohol, adolescent, teenager, family, social growth, implications of alcohol.

KISSOVÁ, A. , BEDNÁRIKOVÁ, E. : *Long-term unemployment and possible solutions in the region of Žitný ostrov*

Abstract

The work is thematically focused on unemployment and devoted mainly to long-term unemployment, which is currently one of the most discussed and followed phenomenon in society. Long-term unemployment is extremely disturbing phenomenon accompanying the development of social systems based on market economy. Its high rate affects the overall social climate, worsening the economic situation of state, welfare and health, particularly in periods of economic and financial crisis. Increasingly focuses requirement to stabilize the long-term unemployment and gradually decrease. To fulfill this idea it is also important to motivate long-term unemployed people, to help them actualize and to orient them on the labor market. The work describes the general problem of unemployment, describes the types of unemployment and long-term unemployment, discusses the causes of unemployment, its impact on personality and life of people, highlights measures to promote employment and to give attention to addressing unemployment and long-term unemployment as a whole. It refers to contributions that can be drawn, education which can be used giving attention to the counseling which is one of the most effective forms of social work with job seekers. It shows the negative impact of unemployment on the man. Not least its specify the potential of the region and possibilities and basis from crisis. The practical part of the work focuses on the work efficiency of professional counselors and attitude of registered long-term job seekers towards their status. The work ends with a brief recommendations into practice and used book list, literature and publishing regulations.

Key words
Unemployment. Active labor market policy. Counseling. Economic crisis. The potential of the region. Lisbon program. Legislation.

KOKORUĎOVÁ, M. , MICHALIČKA, A. : The *extremist groups in Slovakia and their negative influence on young people.*

Abstract

Diploma work is focused on extremism and (with the coupled) dangerous groups, which (are unexpected) break human rights. Activities with the extremist's elements (are represented) represent the biggest problem in the society. The point is to know approaches to prevention and elimination of inconvenient behavior. Empirical element is focused on aforementioned facts intended to find out how much extremism spreads among young people and how it affects them.

Key words
Extremism. Racism. Discrimination. Skinheads. Neo-Nazism. Human rights. Prevention.

KORYTÁROVÁ, R. , OZIMYOVÁ, M. : *Asylum Integration Process in Slovakia*

Abstract

This diploma thesis has theoretical and empirical character and contains seven chapters. It is focused on the issue of asylum integration process in Slovakia. In theoretical part we describe single areas of asylum integration. In empirical part we pay attention to the identification of views and attitude of citizens on this problem.

Key words
Asylum. Asylum procedures. Integration Center. Integration. Integration process.

KOVÁCSOVÁ, L. , BALKOVÁ, H. : *The impact of economic crisis on the system of pension insurance in the Slovak Republic*

Abstract

I submit this work as my final thesis within Masters study. The title of the theme is The impact of economic crisis on the system of pension insurance in the Slovak Republic.
The thesis is focused on the issue of pension insurance within which it identifies the operation of a three pillar system with respect to the II. pillar of pension insurance. At the same time it draws the attention to the impact of economic financial and crisis and describes different legislative measures realized within the last period of time.

Key words
Social insurance. Pension insurance. II. pillar of pension insurance. Pension. Financial and economic crisis.

KUČERA M., POLIAKOVÁ, E. : *Professional competences of social workers in drug prevention*

Abstract

In his work the author discusses the issue of social work, social work with drug addicts, Burnout syndrome, key competences. The aim of the work is so that the reader would become more familiar with the professional competencies of social workers and prevention of drug addiction. Social work assistance is targeted to different populations, and we perceive it as a multidisciplinary tool for social policy. Opening the world for Slovakia, led to the surge of both legal and illegal drugs. Their use creates the risk of developing dependence more quickly. Currently, most (drug-endangered) of children and adolescents are drug-endangered. The society (company) is trying to teach primary prevention to children and young people to refuse drug. "Burnout" in the helping professions is a phenomenon which began to be spoken about after 1990. There are people who work in the helping professions. It is a mental state appearing in people who are working with other people and their profession is dependent on interpersonal communication. Chronic stress and emotional tension can cause drying, which subsequently leads to burn. Core competencies are skills, abilities and skills leading to competence, which can be built in that moment in a large number of positions and functions that are necessary to solving problems, most unpredictably changing requirements over the life course. They include a range of qualifications, are an expression of character and thus the ability to behave appropriately to the situation stoically and competently. Getting the key competencies means having the ability and be ready to learn throughout life.

Key words
Social work. Competence. Drug. Prevention.

LOVECKÁ, L. , LÁTALOVÁ, L. : *The importance of the family for the development of communication skills in terms of high school youth*

Abstract

The work is thematically focused on the importance of family for the development of communication skills. It represents family as the most important and the most natural place for human living, which has undergone giant social transformation and also highlights its importance for the full development and growth of the child. It attempts to draw attention to the fundamental aspects of the family that affect the quality of life of individual family members, but also the family as a whole. The work focuses on the importance of communication in the family, where the failure may contribute to the emergence of crises in family life, which have a negative and destructive impact not only on the family, but especially on the child.
It also deals with social intervention which helps the family to find the best ways to solve their problems.

Key words
Family. Parenting. Parents. Child. Home. Education. Communication in the family.

MATIAŠOVÁ, K. , DUDÁŠOVÁ H. : *Adaptation of Seniors to Retirement Homes*

Abstract

The main topic of thesis is adaptation of seniors to Retirement Homes. The thesis is divided into two parts, particularly into theoretical and practical parts. The whole paper contains 8 chapters, 1 attachment, 14 tables and 14 charts. The theoretical part is aimed at social care, namely at adaptation of seniors to Retirement Homes. The main parts of the thesis are chapters 4, 5 and 6.
Chapter 4 deals with Retirement Homes, with seniors‘ placement to Retirement Homes, their adaptation to voluntary or involuntary stay there. At the end of fourth chapter we look at dying and death.
Fifth and sixth chapters contain a research of seniors‘ adaptation to Retirement Homes, new social surroundings and reasons of their placement to Retirement Home. The aim of this thesis also is to find out the level of people's ability to cope with this situation.

Key words
Senior. Adaptation. Retirement Home. Aging. Dying and death. Social care.

NEDEĽKOVÁ, J., TOLNAYOVÁ, V. : *Nonverbal communication with social client*

Abstract

The main part of social work is communication with the client. In these thesis we were trying to highlight the importance of communication abilities of a social worker. The main goal was to acquaint the reader with the term communication and with the importance of nonverbal communication in life of a human and in social work. We were trying to show the substances of nonverbal communication, information that we can get by watching the nonverbal acting and the process of communication with the client. We wanted to highlight that good and effective communication has a positive influence on the relationship of the social worker and the client and it also helps solving clients' social and personal problems. In the practical part we focused the research on getting information about using the nonverbal communication by social workers when working with clients and on getting their opinions and attitude on using the nonverbal communication in social work.

Key words
Communication. Verbal communication. Nonverbal communication. Social client.

NOVÁKOVÁ, D. ,KÁLLAY, A. : *Social Reintegration. A Chance for the Drug Dependent.*

Abstract

This thesis deals with the problems associated with the consumption of addictive substances. Generally speaking narcomania has in recent years become one of the greatest problems faced by our society. When considering the use of narcotics it is important to communicate openly and reveal the effects of substance abuse. Drug addiction is a chronic psychological disease that cannot be fully cured. By adhering to the conditions of abstinence and accepting the help and support provided by those closest as well as society, an addict is able to live a full life. Entry into the process of social reintegration, supplementary treatment and participation in programs such as Narcotics Anonymous marks the improvement in quality of life as well as education for the drug dependent.

Key words
Drugs. Prevention. Treatment. Abstinence. The process of social reintegration. Post social reintegration. Social worker.

ORENDÁČOVÁ, M. , KRÁLIKOVÁ, M. : *A Child Suffering from Autism and the Family*

Abstract

This diploma thesis deals with particularities related to a case when a child suffering from autism is born in a family. It describes the autism of young children and it discusses care for children suffering from autism in the family, in the special class of the nursery school in the form of special education and therapeutic procedures. By this work, we would like to draw attention to interrelations of education of the child suffering from autism in the specialized institution and in the family. The empiric part is focused on a quantitative analysis of awareness of the parents of children suffering from autism and efficiency of education in the specialized institution.

Key words
Autism. Therapy. Upbringing. Society.

PETRÁŠKOVÁ, L. , ŽIVNÝ, H. : *Drug addiction and man personality*

Abstract

A thesis with its content is oriented on issues of drug addiction. Drug addiction is a serious ever present problem, which affect man's physical and psychical side and his status in society. In this thesis, drug addiction is described as a process with its specifics and causes of origin. A drug is a dangerous substance causing addiction, psychical and somatic, and have indisposed and destruction effect on human personality and his social life. There are several varieties of habit forming substances. Every one of them affects a man differently, affect his life by different rate and way and acts in human body and mind by different intensity. It is important to pay attention, while being concerned by drug abuse, to the subject of prevention and drug addiction therapy. Part of the theses is also a brief characteristic of personality of social worker, whose work has a significant role on drug addicts and their community. Practical part surveys the people of diverse age, of secondary and higher education and from middle class and their experience with drugs, alcohol and tobacco.

Key words
Drug. Abstinent syndrome. Intoxication. Prevention. Therapy.

RÁBAROVÁ, S. , TOLNAYOVÁ V. : *Effective communication as one of the most important skills for the execution of the profession of a social worker*

Abstract

Theoretical part of the diploma work is focused on the effective communication and its importance for the execution of the practice of a social worker. It is divided in to three chapters. These chapters include the possible kinds, forms, ways and techniques of communication. The paper determines communication in the field of social work and introduces the possibilities of communicational studies and exercises.
The empirical part of the paper is made up of a survey, conducted at VŠZaSP of St. Elizabeth in Bratislava. Sample used in the survey is composed of third and fifth grade students of the external social work studies. The goal of our survey was to find out the interest in communication as a subject of study and its essence for the practice of a social worker.
The goal of the diploma work is to point out the fact of absence of communication as subject in the outlines of the college and through this contribute to its reopening and broadening in the study program of the school year 2010/2011.

Key words
Communication, profession, social work, survey.

SAVAROVÁ, A. , MAJTANOVA, A. : *Unemployment and its impact to the self-imaging of the human character*

Abstract

Unemployment is deeply in touch with the human surviving. It is because the employment means for individual not only the source of income and future assurance but also the social prestige and relating to this the losing of the social contacts. The intent of this diploma thesis is to identify how the unemployment impacts the self-imaging of the human character and to clarify some of the basic terms in relation to the unemployment with its social and mental consequences to the unemployed subject' personality and the image of themselves.There is no doubt the work is very important for the human life. The work stimulates the development not only of the individual but also of the all society. The importance of work and productive employment for human in any society is irreplaceable in context with the values made for society and also in context with incomes gained by employed individuals and the last but not least the self respect which is not negligible fur the human being.

Key words
Employment. Unemployment. Employ. Self image.

SLANIČKOVÁ, R. , POLIAKOVÁ, E. : *The social of quality of life of seniors*

Abstract

Final Thesis show us more closer to a senior picture in the some life cycle stage. We focused on selected theoretical basis for understanding the aging process and age. In particular, the subjective perception of quality of life and meaningfulness of life in this stage of their lives.
The practical part of the thesis is focused on finding the way of life of seniors, especially its quality. We used Live story as a method of qualitative research. Through the life stories we have tried to find a connection between the subjective perception of satisfaction and quality of life from childhood, adolescence, active life until the last survival of the current stage of life.

Key words
Senior. Age. Needs. Quality of life. Health. Life story.

SLAVKOVSKÁ, J. KALLAY, A. : *Social Determinants of Low Birth Rate in Slovakia*

Abstract

This work is thematically focused on the determinants of low fertility in Slovakia.
This paper describes the factors that are influencing low birth rate in Slovakia. It describes the factors that affect people's decision whether or not to have children today. These are economic, social and biological factors. Additional problems include housing, which is difficult for young people to attain. They often have to repay an expensive mortgage. A child means an extra cost for the family. Currently, the age for getting married and having a family is increasing. People are deciding whether to have one or two children. A child means a change of lifestyle and living standards. Social support from the state is different in Slovakia than in other European Union countries. The thesis also looks at the work of the social worker. The practical part consists of questions´ analysis from a questionnaire and of a project for a social worker´s centre. Centre of this kind may one day become a part of social system in Slovakia.

Key words
Birthrate. Child. Caseworker. Finance. Accommodation.

SLOVÁKOVÁ, Z. , KAMENISTÁ, Z. : *The Unemployment insurance in Slovak republic*

Abstract

The thesis is focused on the Unemployment Insurance according to act – No. 461/2003 Collection of laws - act on social insurance. In this work is generally described the system of unemployment insurance, its historical intersection, the claim on the unemployment benefit in the case of loosing of employment and brief description of the unemployment insurance within the frame of the European Union. The practical part of the thesis is the sixth chapter - focused on the awareness of the clients about the unemployment insurance from the side of the Social insurance Agency.

Key words
The Social insurance. Unemployment. Benefit. Base of assess. The European Union.

SUDAR M., GATIAL, V. : *Gypsy Minority and its integration into majority society*

Abstract

Thesis is engaged with history and current problems of Gypsy minority, its mentality in Slovak Republic, but also in abroad. Attention is focused on integration of Gypsy minority into majority society and on connected problems, and, at the same time, it is making possible for us to see inside Gypsy world and current existence of this minority. Situation of Gypsies in Slovakia is very difficult, and it is necessary to solve problem of integration of Gypsies into majority society as a complex. It is necessary to be focused on solving such problems of Gypsies as unemployment, criminality and education.

Key words
Integration. Separation. Segregation. Inclusion. Assimilation. Adaptation.

AMBRUSOVÁ, A. , TOLNAYOVÁ, V. : *Social work with abused men*

Abstract

The work is focused on abused men, explains the basic concepts, provides forms of torture, points to men as victims of domestic violence and the possibility of assisting victims of domestic violence. The target of this work and its research is to approach the theme of domestic violence, where victim is a man and show a lack of awareness about the help for that group of victims. Research involves 116 respondents, 74 women and 42 men. The collection of empirical data was realized by the questionnaire containing 16 questions. The data collected in the research were processed and interpreted using statistical methods and techniques.

Key words
Violence. Abuse. Domestic violence. Abused man. Social worker. Crisis intervention. Social counseling. Victim support.

VOJTEKOVÁ, L. , GAŽOVÁ – ADAMKOVÁ, H. : *Application of Social work methods in social services facilities*

Abstract

Topics of master's thesis are methods of social work and application in practice of social worker in social services facilities and in other facilities focused at social clients. Thesis has five chapters, in which author offers basic overview of social work as a science and practical discipline. Author explains conceptions relating to thesis and is focusing on details of the method of social work as a basic work tool of social worker. Considerable part of the thesis is focused on professional job preparation of social workers, further education and extension of special skills necessary for their profession. Special chapter includes empirical part, where goal is to clarify aspects of selection and application of social work methods by chosen workers and also to check possibilities of further education as well as real condition and fields in which is further education implementing and focusing on.

Key words
Methods. Social work. Social Client, Social Services. Social worker.

VIDERŠPÁNOVÁ, I., : GAŽOVÁ – ADAMKOVÁ, H. : *Divorce as a social situation of endangering children*

Abstract

In this thesis, I aimed at the topic of divorce and mainly at children, who can be endangered by a divorce and not only during divorce trial, but also after a divorce of the parents. Then I wanted to point out the fact that a divorce of marriage and disintegration of the family is becoming very current in our society. Very important factor when divorcing is its influence on the child. Children are reacting on the break-up of the parents differently, some of them are able to bring it off without any significant problems and some of them are influenced by the divorce much more, divorce influencing mainly their psyche and health development. In the practical part are initiated casuistries, in which are described reasons leading to the divorce of the parents and individual reactions of the children to the given situation and also the way how the divorce influenced their further development.

Key words
Divorce. Influence of the children on the divorce. Endanger of children by a divorce. Social consultancy.

VALKÁR, L., NOCIAR, A. : *Drugs, and impact of drugs on a man's personality and possibilities of social work when eliminating the effect of drug addiction.*

Abstract

This research focuses on a problem of drugs and the impact of drugs on a man's personality. It tracks the personality changes after taking any drug, either legal or illegal and further it describes the problem of drugs among young people at high schools. This paper is seeking reason and answer for the initial cause of a man taking a drug. It also solves the question of prevention and recidivism.

Key words
Drugs, drug addiction, personality, personality changes, prevention, recidivism.

VALENTOVÁ, D. , PAUŠ, E. : *Social work as a tool to prevent and to solve social exclusion of risk individuals and groups*

Abstract

Social work as a tool to prevent and to solve social exclusion of risk individuals and groups Diploma work offers a view on the topics of social exclusion, its detailed descriptions as well as description of other related terms as poverty, marginalization, risk groups, individuals and social inclusion. The paper deals with information about the social risk groups and their feelings concerning the risk of social exclusion. The summary of questionnaire results provides information on present status – satisfaction, information level, provided services and ways how individuals deal with various forms of social exclusion depended on their sex, age, education, marital and social status. It brings aspects of their displeasure of monitored group to solve their social and material problems, too.

Key words
Social exclusion. Marginalization. Individual. Group. Society.

VÁCLAVÍNKOVÁ, K. , KÁČER, P. : Impact *of incomplete families to juvenile delinquency*

Abstract

The work is thematically focused on issues of youth crime and single-parent families. In each section we define the basic concepts concerning the issue. Briefly, we focus on the family, deal with its functions, tasks, both the complete and incomplete ones, the main tasks of the family and ways of communication and rules. We clarify the etiology - the causes of the crime, we describe the various influences and factors. We analyze the impact of alcohol, drugs and the influence of the family, mass media. We deal also with deviant behavior, aggression and moral characteristics which greatly affect the crime. Although crime is declining, it is necessary to focus on prevention as the means of preventing crime as more and younger children are committing crimes, rather serious or less serious crimes but in many cases without evidence of guilt.

Key words
Juvenile delinquency. Prevention of crime. Drugs. Alcohol. Social prevention.

TAKÁČOVÁ M. , KOMÍNEK, P. : *The Homelessness as a Consequence of Poverty*

Abstract

The poverty is one of the most difficult problems of the society. Despite the fact that people associate this expression with the countries of the third world it also exists in Slovakia. Just in our state a new phenomenon has appeared when the middle class has disappeared gradually from the society while the group of the rich and the poor is growing. On the basis of analysis there is a growing number of homeless people. There is not possible to close eyes to problem of poverty and homelessness, but it is necessary to solve it with the support of state or other respective organizations. In the Slovak Republic there exists a wide-spread social network trying to help the poorest people, to prevent their social exclusion. The state helps these citizens through various services as well as by financial support.

Key words
Poverty. Homelessness. Income. Unemployment. Criminality.

MOLNAROVA, R. , JASENKOVÁ, M. : *Hospice care in Slovakia*

Abstract

In this diploma thesis I would like to focus on children with an oncological disease and also to inform general public with children‘s hospice care, with the need to develop lenitive care here in Slovakia. I would like to pinpoint other possibilities of treatment of sick children e.g. where medical science has failed or possibility of treatment has not been offered and also to connect hospital and hospice facilities. Simultaneously I would like to give you a complex overview of lenitive and hospice children’s care that has been perceived lightly by general public, and bring it to the focus again.

Key words
Children’s hospice care. Diagnosis. Metastasis. Oncology.

GODAL, J. , LIPTAKOVA, S. : *Family tasks of difficult health handicapped children*

Abstract

Theme of this paper work is focused on most important tasks of the families with health handicapped children. It has theoretical-empirical character with four conception following chapters. The first is focused on basic characteristics of health disability, native or obtained characteristic of handicaps, which can be seen earlier or later by children. The second chapter is mostly focused on special care by parents, especially by mothers and siblings. Important pages in this chapter are devoted in society for social differences of family. Third part shows new trends in integrations, socializations and normalizations of people with difficult handicapped health. It is focused on society tasks, which through social approach helps to give more quality to the lives of people with difficult health handicaps and their families. Final practical part refers about the answer on questions in questionnaire and makes documentation of hypothesis.

Key words
Integration. Compensation. Specialist. Task of mother. Social work. Society. Health handicap.

KOBYDOVÁ, I. , KOBYDOVÁ, I. : *Professional family as a form of child care in orphanages*

Abstract

The work is thematically focused on the child, his needs and the foster care system for a small child in the Slovak Republic. It describes professional parenting as a priority form of education for children with institutional care and attention to its specificities. It also includes the characteristics and benefits issues in the observation of practice. The thesis also describes the work of social workers in children's homes in which families operate professionally. Its empirical section examines changes in quality of care provided to children in orphanages.

Key words
Child. Family. Professional family. The best interest of the child. Case report.

NÁVOJ, P. , ŠRAMATÁ, M. : *Communication Problems of the Children with Down Syndrome*

Abstract

This thesis content is focused on specifically medical – social problems, namely on children with Down syndrome. The Down syndrome changes world of this child and its family significantly, and it infringes naturally even upon its wider social structures. The paper herein concerns communication problems of children with Down syndrome, furthermore it describes the whole line of communication failures, all children, their parents, therapists, trainers are confronted with. Also characteristic of a social worker in this field creates an independent part of this thesis. The second part creates reconnaissance relating to a given problem and it discovers more aspects of communication abilities in the wider sphere of persons interested.

Key words
Down syndrome. Therapy. Language. Child. Social worker

PIKNA, R. , KUDLA, J. : *Criminality of youthful and offender youth*

Abstract

Work is oriented on criminality of youthful and delinquency of youth as on the negative socio-morbid events. The delinquent behavior of children and youth is conditional with entire rank of predisposed factors. Outgoing from the introduced argument is very important the prevention, which is oriented on passing this negative clubbable occurrence, and needs multidisciplinary access. The diploma work deals with definition of elementary conceptions, which are related with this theme, analyses major factors, which participated in the emergence of criminality and delinquency. Attention is paid to the questions of criminal responsibility within valid legal regulations and within the status of social assistant on the department of socio-legal protection and social arrangements.

Key words
Social pathology. Criminality. Delinquency. Social deviation. Public control. Prevention.

KARBULOVÁ, R. SNINČÁKOVÁ, M. : *The role of a social worker in the process of family sanation*

Abstract

The presented work is devoted to the process of sanation as the aim of social work with family, where neglecting of a child occurs. The family sanation is today a current topic due to the effect of the law about a social protection of children and social care, which is valid since 2005. In addition the previously mentioned law describes the right of a child grow up in the original biological family and it prefers mainly the work with a family, which with its own effort or as a consequence of the other forces, stopped to fulfill its basic functions needed for a healthy development of a child. The first chapter presents the family in general, the functions of the family, dysfunctions of the family, the rights of parents and their commitments and a constitutional care as well. The second chapter is focused on a social worker, his or her competences, qualification and personal requirements. The third chapter is concentrated on the process of family sanation and some methods of social work are mentioned. The Empirical part of the thesis compares the continuance of the social work with family in the period before the existence of the law about social protection of children and social care, and then after the implementation the law into the practice.

Key words
Family. Child. Neglecting. Social worker. Social work. Dysfunction. Care.

SMOLENAKOVA, J. , SCHAFEROVA, S. : *Divorce and its impact on the family*

Abstract

The topic of the thesis is the divorce and its impact on the family. The thesis is divided into the theoretical and practical part. In the introductory chapters of the theoretical part is highlighted a family as a basis for the healthy development of children. Whole work is oriented on the family, divorce and children. It examines the emergence of the causes, consequences of divorce and children's reaction to divorce. In the thesis is also highlighted the specialized assistance of a social worker, which is irreplaceable in solving family problems in the period before, during and after divorce. In the practical part, we focused on parents who have undergone divorce. We were detecting their opinions, attitudes, causes of their divorce. We also explored a mutual communication between parents and children after the divorce, compliance with the contact of the parents and children, their housing, financial and social situation after the divorce. We focused on the children's reactions related to divorce and arrival of a new member to the family and a child's reaction to it. Ultimately the thesis results in knowledge of the importance of a family functioning as a basic pillar of a society. The aim of this work is to point out the divorce, the major problems that is accompanied by and what impact on children and all family members it has.

Key words
Family. Social worker. Causes of divorce. Children's custody. Prevention.

OBULANÁ, J., ŠTEFEKOVÁ, H. : *CAN Syndrome in the family as a social problem family*

Abstract

The graduation thesis deals with the problems of CAN syndrome (Child Abuse and Neglect syndrome), emphasizes the importance of the task of state administration body, social-law protection of children in the process of help to the endangered or handicapped children. There are possibilities of protection and help of the government, non-government and non-profit organization to handicapped. The Practical part of the thesis deals with the problems of neglect of schooling, with the problems of mistreated, abused and neglected children in their families who attend the Special primary school in Hlohovec.

Key words
CAN syndrome. Sexual abuse. Neglect. Prevention.

HRDLOVIČOVÁ, J. , SCHAVEL, M. : Bullying *in elementary school as a social problem*

Abstract

The work deals with the problem of bullying in primary schools. It describes and names the problem of bullying.It shows the increasing prevalence of socio-pathological phenomenon in schools and meeting children with aggression. It deals with ways and manifestations of bullying in schools. Characterizes the bullied child. It focuses on opportunities and approaches to address these issues, to help children and their families. Part of this work is the characteristics of the tasks of social workers and his ability to solve problems and prevent bullying in schools. Thesis includes a survey of bullying at two elementary schools.

Key words
Bullying. Bullying in schools. Aggression. Social worker. Family. Prevention.

FAČKOVCOVÁ, A. , SCHAVEL, M. : *The chosen methods of social work with mentally disabled people in the house of social services*

Abstract

The work content is focused on the chosen methods of social work: ergotherapy, social diagnostics, social guidance, supervision and the way of their application by the social workers in the homes of social services for mentally disabled people.
In addition in this work is mentioned the characteristics of mental handicap, transformation of the homes of social services and legislative determination of social services according to Act number 448/2008 St. The work also deals with qualification of social workers for the work with mentally disabled people.

Key words
Mental disability. Social worker. Methods of social work. Ergotherapy. Social counseling. Social diagnostics. Supervision.

KELLNEROVÁ, S. , BENIAKOVÁ, Z. : *Pension payments in the social insurance system*

Abstract

This thesis deals with the social security system from the point of view of historical development and social insurance development in the Slovak Republic. The work is focusing on Social insurance range and basic superannuation scheme concepts. The main thesis part concentrates on pension payments provided from the social insurance system according to the law no. 461/2003 of legal code about social insurance as subsequently amended. The work also describes the pension claim procedure and the way of pension payments . The practical part is based on questionnaire method. In this part we tried to examine rate of awareness about the pension payments and related issues.

Key words
Social security. Social insurance. Person insured. Pension payments. Dependent child.

HRUBŠOVÁ, A. , LÁTALOVÁ, L . : *The level of truancy of children and young people from the point of view of social science*

Abstract

The aim of my diploma thesis was to explain the theoretical background of truancy of children and young people from the point of view of social science. It focuses on the importance of truancy as well. My thesis deals with one of the pathological social phenomenon's of behavior disorder, i.e. truancy. This diploma thesis describes the reasons of truancy, its results, different prevention methods of truancy in the cooperation with the family, school and other institutions. It presents various possibilities of tasks that are performed by school social worker.

Key words
Central office of labour, social affairs and family. School social worker. Social prevention.

SNOHA, P. , ZAŤKOVÁ, M. : *Quality of life of ostomy patience*

Abstract

An ostomate is a patient, who undergoes ostomy surgery and the surgeon creates a „STOMA“ (Surgical opening) through the abdominal wall. Bodily wastes can then be expelled into a special appliances attached to the stoma, because an ostomate cannot do it „per via naturalis.“ To have a stoma is not a disease itself, although it indicates previous serious illness. It makes man disabled in many areas of life and depends on the illness, which is the cause of stoma construction. Patients having stoma have quite long life length, especially thanks to stoma appliances of high quality they can participate fully on „normal“ life of a healthy person (although they are not healthy any more). Although ostomy patients can participate in „normal“ life quite well nowadays, they still require complete whole-life care and support of medical care professionals and family. This thesis has 70 pages, contents a summary of theoretical knowledge and notes about an individual patient´s life quality. All needed psychological terms are described in details. Acquired knowledge can stimulate the detail study of life of stomic person and at the same time it can create a feedback – especially in relation to daycare providing and a high – life – quality after the ostomy surgery and stoma construction assuring.

Key words
Quality of life. Handicap. Ostomy patient, Quality of life satisfaction.

ANETTOVÁ, M. , OLÁH, M. : Foster *family care and transformation of foster homes in SR*

Abstract

The content of the thesis focuses on the problems of children, whose families fail in one of their functions. The thesis is built on theoretical explanation of the forms in foster family care. In the chapters we deal with the role of the family on the child´s life, child´s needs, the history of care of abandoned children, legislation, problems in the field of foster family care in the Slovak Republic. We describe the basic legislation in transformation of the foster homes. The description of the position of the social worker becomes a part of our thesis. The practical part focuses on evaluation of requests from the side of the future foster care and professional parenthood. Summary and discussion result in the recommendation how to bring into practice transformation of the foster homes.

Key words
Family. Adoption. Foster care. Social worker.

KRŠKOVÁ, Z. , BOTEK, O. : *The integration and employment of disabled citizens with the possibility of the use of active labor market policies in the district of Piestany*

Abstract

The work is thematically focused on the integration and employment of people with disabilities in the district of Piestany. It describes a system of assistance in recruiting disabled job seekers with active labor market policies. This work describes measures to support the integration of the childhood form of education is to apply the work of individuals with disabilities. The thesis is also characteristic of a social worker and the tasks in this field.

Key words
Integration. Education. Public support for employment of people with disabilities. Employer.

KRAJČOVÁ, I. , VAŇOVÁ, J. : *National social benefits and their influence on the personal care of a mother for her child*

Abstract

The diploma thesis treats the question of national social benefits - early childcare supplement and a relatively new national social benefit – the contribution to the care for a child in connection with the provision of personal care of a mother for a child to three years of age. The thesis points out the irreplaceable role of the family in society and as well the significance of the personal care of a mother for her child. It provides a basic orientation in the field of paying out of the national social benefits; it focuses on the changes that took place after the passing of the Law concerning benefits for child care and that give parents more space to choose between personal care for a child and gainful occupation. It deals with the possibility of bringing into accord the family life, personal life and employment of the mother. The practical part tries to find out how the mentioned benefits influence the duration of the provision of personal care of a mother for a child and at the same time it examines and analyzes further factors that could influence it.

Key words
Early Childcare Supplement. Family Policy. Child Care. Needs of a child. Social Consulting. Social worker.

GASPARIKOVA, M. , MIŠÚTOVÁ, D. : *Life quality of seniors citizens in Nursing Homes*

Abstract

This Diploma Thesis consists of theoretical and empirical parts. It focuses on aspects that affect life quality of senior citizens in Nursing Home, with emphasis on their need for sovereignty. It describes particulars of social work with this age group and also concentrates on adjustment of seniors citizens in Nursing Homes. The research part analyses influence of social relationships, physical health and spirituality on life quality of senior citizens in Nursing Homes. The study was conducted by questionnaire method. Representative sample consists of seniors citizens who were chosen from two Nursing Homes in Topoľčany. At the end this Diploma thesis offers recommendations for practice.

Key words
Senior. Ageing. Life quality. Physical health. Mental health. Social care.

MAJERÍKOVÁ, M. , ČERVEŇANOVÁ, E. : *Social Care of Seniors at Geriatric department*

Abstract

Diploma Work deal about Social care and its specifications of seniors at Geriatric department in Hospital. This work is divided into theoretical and practical part. The fundamental historical and the newest knowledge of social Service, quality of social work, caducity and human senescence is described in theoretical part of this work. In this part is included complete analysis of old people quality life, social care and quality of social care in Slovakia. The Result is necessity of foundation the new social centers for old people. Practical research verified hypotheses by questionnaire. There are not too many social care institutions in Slovakia. Therefore we suggested the application of adequate social care system and also the part of social service system expansion. It is also very important to start realization the proper kinds of social and health care.

Key words
Social Care (Maintenance). Social Work. Senior. Geriatric. Social problem.

SEMELAKOVA, A. VRANKOVÁ, Z. : *Competency of a caseworker in the Social insurance agency*

Abstract

The content of submitted diploma work is dedicated to the topic of caseworker competency in the Social insurance agency. With aim to emphasize the role of caseworker within this institution we will try to summarize and confront theoretical knowledge, social competence, selected methods of casework and its real application in practice. Diploma Work is theoretically divided into two basic topic fields. First one is dedicated to the term of social welfare, its characteristics and organization, position of Social insurance agency within social welfare system. Second topic field is dedicated to the position of caseworker within the Social insurance agency. It's about characteristics of his role, personality skills and prerequisites for casework. We also take a closer look at specific competence and skills of caseworker, methods of casework that are applied at his work. Also we will analyze the Ethical codex of Social insurance agency that is one of the tools for implementation of strategic goals of Social insurance agency. Last chapter is devoted to a supervision as a way to professionalize field of casework. Aside of theoretical part, also we lay importance to analytical part where we will evaluate acquired information in a context of desired goal and recommend solutions for practice.

Key words
Social Insurance. Caseworker. Competency of social caseworker. Ethical principles. Social communication. Non verbal communication.

VALOVIČOVÁ, G. , BOTEK, O. : *Active labor market policy and the interest of available candidates on education in the district of Piestany*

Abstract

The work is thematically focused on active labor market policy, which uses instruments affecting job seekers to find new jobs. It describes the whole support system that assists the integration of job seekers into the labor market. Tools of the active labor market policies enhance the employability of candidates and encourage job creation. The thesis aims also at education and training for the labor market and the characteristics of social worker positions in this field.

Key words
Job seeker. A person with disabilities. Employer. Unemployment. Education and training for work. Caseworker.

VRTOCHOVÁ, D. , OLÁH, M. : *Prevention of bullying at schools Piestany*

Abstract

One of the severe forms against the dignity of human being is bullying. Man is not born aggressive, they become aggressive during the life time. Education plays a very important role, especially in the family environment, later at schools of different degree and field. Nevertheless, social environment is influential, too. It is a fact, that bullying is a dangerous and developed social disease. Bullying means a severe offence against basic human rights, that commit children, young people as well as adults. It reflects pathologic relations in the social groups. The most important way how to fight against bullying is prevention. It is easier to prevent the problem than solve it together with its consequence. Current stay in the field of prevention of sociopathological phenomena, including bullying, is not possible to consider as appropriate. However, there are many positive changes in the field of legislation, management and realization. When bullying occurs, causes exist not only in the family, but also in negative idols, methods and forms used and finally in the atmosphere the child lives.

Key words
Bullying. Victim. Prevention of Bullying. Social worker. Legislation.

GALČÍKOVÁ, M. , STODOLOVÁ, H. : *Job application mothers in the employment market in the district Povazska Bystrica*

Abstract

Mothers in the employment market represent a disadvantaged social group. An important factor which affects the work activity is persistent gender stereotypes in society. The role of education and ensuring the performance of housework is largely assigned to women, which in recent decades has kept women from entering the employment market. This state has a significant share of the working application and career mothers, unless the conflict is based on the choice between work and family. Strong competition, the need for mobility and full employment commitment to the current labor market, and also the prejudices of employers to exercise of women workers with family responsibilities, limited access to employment or job retention. A third of the entities that have an impact on the employment status of mothers is the state. Effective promotion and protection measures, policy instruments for employment and family policies have a significant share of the employment rates of mothers and indirectly to their reproductive behavior. Appropriate socio-economic conditions, family-oriented policies, elimination of gender bias may contribute to increasing economic activities of women – mothers but also to positive demographic changes.

Key words
Gender stereotypes. Risk groups. Legislation. Employment services. Social counseling.

JANKOVYCH, J. , SLOVAK, P. : *An application of school-leavers on the labour market in the districts of Senica and Skalica*

Abstract

The thesis is thematically focused one of the current labour market problems, on the application of school-leavers on the labour market in the districts of Senica and Skalica. An entrance of a school-leaver on the labour market is often accompanied by revealing their own imperfections. The application of school-leavers is often not only their professional matter, but also a social matter. Getting the first job is crucial and important starting element for the future work and life. The thesis discusses the specific features of unemployed school-leavers, their position on the labour market and also in a relation to an employer. It points out the existence of different aspects and approaches to analyzing and finding solutions of the problem of the youth unemployment and unemployment in general. The work also includes a characteristic of a social consultancy and prevention which are essential part of a social work in solving this problem.

Key words
Unemployed. School-leaver. Labour market. Employment policy. Third sector. The importance of education. Social work. Social consultancy.

MOLNÁR, M. , SLOVAK, P. : *Impact of Divorce on Children*

Abstract

Nowadays, following information of Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic, the number of Slovak families, which face divorce has a growing tendency. Divorce can be marked as a very serious social problem. Divorce is the legal break-up of a marriage and it has got a provable influence on every member of the vanishing family. Divorce impacts can be of different character. In consequence of divorce the complete family is changing into incomplete family. Incomplete family can be changed into a new, reconstructed family. The reasons of this change can be different. Usually it is divorce or death of one of the parents. Divorce becomes the part of children's' and parents' life and it can negatively influence their next life. Children and their parents are often faced with problems like feeling of insecurity, fear, pain, anger. Social worker has got an important task concerning alleviation of the negative divorce impacts on children and their parents. It often takes months or even years to truly move on.

Key words
Divorce. Parents. Marriage. Social Worker. Social Advisory. Legislation. Human Society.

KREJCIOVA, Z. , SUSTROVA, M. : *People with intellectual disability and their self-realization*

Abstract

The work is summary aimed at people w with intellectual disability and the options of their self-realization in our society. To advocate rights and demands of people with intellectual disability is nowadays still actual topic in the world. It should be clear that people with intellectual disability have to have ensured basic human rights, can be educated, can work, have leasure time and run ordinary everyday family life. Ensure and expand possibilities for education, employment and independent life support brings the next chances for their self-realization, make possible their personal and socially increasing and this way improve their quality of life.

Key words
Intellectual disability. Social advice. Education. Employment. Supported living.

SRNÁKOVÁ, M. , ŽÁČKOVÁ, E. : *Activity of self government in solving of family social problems*

Abstract

This work is oriented on self government´s activity in provision of social help to families and in solving their social problems. Family is very important part of everybody´s life. Well functioning family is one from several important attributes of well functioning society. Weakened family costs state and self government more finances (directly or indirectly), therefore should state have public interest on support and strengthening of family, without reference to family´s form and structure. This work describes competences of community in solving of social problems in families especially financial problems, educational problems, problems with housing, in providing of social guidance, etc. Provision of early, effective, special help, systematic realization of prevention can help to preclude states of deprivation and social distress of families, it results to prevention and restraining of reasons apprise, deepening or repeating of social pathological phenomenon's in families.

Key words
Self government. Social Work. Social assistance. Socio-legal protection. Legislation.

LOBODÁŠOVÁ, M. , ONDRUŠOVÁ, Z. : *Poverty as a social phenomena.*

Abstract

The thesis is focusing on the poverty as a social phenomena. Today, the poverty is becoming reality of the increasing part of population, while importance and range of social consequences related with poverty is still growing. Significant fall of the part of population under poverty line treat their social status. Poverty is not only connected with insufficient income, but also with bad health condition, with limited or even non-existing access to the education, social discrimination and exclusion. Poverty is world wide spread phenomena and its roots are getting deeply into the past. Every political system have tried to overcome this phenomena. Poverty can be perceived subjective, objectively, relatively but also as a consequence of social order or as a consequence of laziness and lack of willingness to work. One can become poor as a result of situation factors. State is engaging the problem of poverty through the its social policy. Characteristic for social policy is concern in well-being of people. It is oriented on human being, its unique, capabilities, interests and needs. Great sphere of action in help in struggle with poverty is opening to social sciences through social workers, social prevention a guidance.

Key words
Poverty. Homeless. Social assistance. Social prevention.

REMENÁRIKOVÁ, S. , KASANOVÁ, A. : *Analysis of Social Services in the City of Nitra Focused on the Needs of the Elderly*

Abstract

This graduate thesis presents an integrated view of the needs of the elderly in our society, in terms of social care and the social services the City of Nitra provides. The topic of this graduate thesis is an Analysis of Social Services in the City of Nitra Focused on the Needs of the Elderly. The objective of this thesis is to define the basic concepts and principles in senior-related issues, to analyze social services focused on the needs of the elderly, to describe social services facilities in the social care system and to map out the care of seniors in our society. Particular attention is paid to specifics in social care which are characterized by immediate contact with people and social services designed to resolve an adverse social situation. This graduate thesis is both theoretical and empirical. The theoretical part consists of three chapters and the empirical part comprises one chapter. Old age is accompanied by characteristic changes, which are specified in the first chapter. The second chapter mentions the essential needs of the elderly in our society. The third chapter describes social services intended for people of higher ages. The research part comprises an analysis of social services for the elderly in the City of Nitra and an analysis of these people's needs in the area of social services. The conclusion outlines the findings obtained, which suggest the need to devote ourselves to people of higher ages and offers possible recommendations in practice. The work is supplemented by a bibliography of literature used and appendices.

Key words
Ageing. Old age. Social services. Social work. City of Nitra.

KUPCOVÁ, E. , ONDRUŠOVÁ, Z. : *Styles of conflict resolution*

Abstract

Diploma work has theoretical and empirical character. In the first section of four chapters discusses the theoretical background. The first chapter describes the concept of social conflict, its nature and development phases. It shows the positive and negative understanding of the conflict. The second chapter divided by types of conflicts, social and psychological perspective, the causes and factor emergence of conflict and implications for humans. The third chapter deals with conflict resolution styles, also points out the inappropriate ways. The fourth chapter describes the relationships in the workplace and dealing with interpersonal conflict and communication in companies. A fifth chapter work through the empirical part. In this part are set out targets, tasks, methodology and survey plan, under which they were established hypotheses. The sixth chapter is an analysis of the results of a survey of the term from October to December 2009 for one hundred respondents in three independent organizations. The results are shown graphically. The seventh chapter is a discussion - verifies the hypothesis set the detailed processing of results. In conclusion, the work of the recommendations into practice.

Key words
Social conflict, causes of conflict, interpersonal relationships in the workplace.

STANKOVÁ, Z. , ŠUSTROVÁ, M. : *Self-advocacy options for adults with Down syndrome*

Abstract

Self-advocates around the world have the same goal - they want to change their lives, take control over their own lives, to decide for themselves. They believe that they too have the same human value as other people. They want to live and lead a normal life, work and earn money, seek to ensure that we listen and respect that part of society. They want the same rights as all other people. Final work is processed in the theoretical and practical level. The work discusses the possibilities of self-advocacy of young people with intellectual disabilities and carries in itself the idea of supported long-term education self-defense and non-discrimination in the employment process. It describes the need for clustering self advocates to acquire conception, social, communication and practical skills towards self-employment.

Key words
Down syndrome. Adults with Down syndrome. Employment. Supported housing. Social assistance.

ANDRAŠÍKOVÁ, D. , ŠUSTROVÁ, M. : *Social ambient in Romanies hamlet, influence of social ambient for breeding of Romany children*

Abstract

Task concerns of social and status Romanies on foundation base of their particularity and specialty of their historical evolution by their coming to Europe, migrant way of living and from the aspect many centuries functioning model of Romany family too, which status is also at present conclusive factor in breeding Romany children, in their education and their cover into community. Chapter "Social ambient" contains stumbling blocks their cover into community, causes of denying and misunderstanding from the majority community. Pay attention to problematical cover of Romany into community, priorities of Romany, way of their living in to knot of their family beams and traditions was the main objective of the task.

Key words
Romany. Social ambient. Romany family.

BRUNARIOVA, L. , ONDRUSOVA, Z. : *Social Situation and Poverty of the Romany in the municipality of Terna*

Abstract

Social Situation and Poverty of the Romanies in the Municipality of Terna. The thesis aims to social situation and poverty of the Romanies in the municipality of Terna. Major community considers the Romanies of these days to be an inadaptable group of inhabitants living on the edge of society what has a significant effect on their access to education and work opportunities. From the point of view of thesis content, it concerns history and origin of the Romanies, the first mentions of the Romanies in Europe, in territory of our state as well as in the municipality of Terna. It describes social situation of the Romanies since 1919 until these days, the approach of the European Union to the ethnic minority and it deals with the attempts of state administration to alleviate their poverty. The final part of the thesis aims to the tasks ans results of field social workers dealing with the Romany community.

Key words
Social situation. Poverty. The Romanies. Community. Majority. Field social work. Terna.

BURANOVSKÁ, V. , DAVIDEKOVA, M. : *Social work with a Romany family*.

Abstract

The paper's content is aimed on the specific way of life of the Romany, which reflects their historical and social development and the very knowledge about this development should lead our society to a better understanding and coexistence with the Romany ethnic. The paper also points to social problems in a Romany family, which has to face various social and pathological phenomenon (poverty, unemployment, crime rate, drug addiction and other). Social work with the Romany in Presov – part Solivar Pod hradkom - is a part of this paper as well.

Key words
Romany family. Function of a family. Social problems. Unemployment. Social help.

GRECULOVÁ, M. , DAVIDEKOVA, M. : *Education of Romany Youth*

Abstract

Theoretical part of the thesis includes knowledge closely connected with education of Romany children and youth. Attention is aimed at discrimination, legislative protection against discrimination and multicultural education. Considerable part of the thesis is dedicated to Romany culture and family being the most significant aspect of the Romany culture. The main point of the thesis is the Romany relationship to education and its system, education of Romany children and youth. The conclusion of the theoretical part describes the specificities of educational process of Romany children and youth. Analytic part of the thesis is dedicated to analysis of the possibilities of education for Romany children and youth in a chosen area. It brings teachers´ opinions working in this area, positives and negatives connected with education of Romanies. In the end it shows proposals how to put new ideas and knowledge into practice.

Key words
Romanies, education of Romanies, Romany culture, discrimination, multicultural education.

KIVADER, H., DUJAVA, J. : *Delinquency as a pathological phenomenon Roma flowing in poor economic and social situation of Roma.*

Abstract

Poor economic and social situation of Roma significantly determines their behavior, values, norms, traditions and level of delinquent proceedings. Often, just social and economic problems mean that good education in the Roma family is given a lack of spacefor its implementation. The most important task is the creation of sufficient opportunities for the provision of prevention, namely prevention of social in the family and school areas.Due to lack of own forces and capabilities for the Roma, it is necessary to pay increased attention to social work with the Roma ethnic group, which in many cases very effectively and comprehensively deal with Roma issues. Social work finds and solves a variety of social problems in the Roma community through collaboration with various experts : sociologists, lawyers, etc. The aim of this bachelor thesis was to create a synthesis of knowledge on issues such as juvenile Roma pathological phenomenon stemming in poor economic and social situation of Roma, which we also achieved.

Key words
Roma. Poverty. Juvenile. Delinquency. Social prevention.

KIVADEROVÁ, J., ŠLOSÁR, D. : *The analysis of social situation of Roma community.*

Abstract

The Bachelor thesis is divides into theoretical and practical part. The first part is focused on analysis of Roma community. It deals with the issues such as Roma family, degree of socialization of Roma children coming to schools from Roma settlements as well as the social-pathological phenomena in the functions of the family. The thesis also deals with the poverty in Roma settlements, which was evaluated on the basis of the life conditions acquired by concrete experiences and observations of social workers as well as the Roma people themselves. The attitudes and aspirations of Roma people to the education process are analyzed at the end of this work, where the explicit recommendations of educational programs are also shown. The second part of the work presents the project of education and requalification of Roma women which is financed from the European Social Fund. This project helps us to verify our knowledge from the practical part.

Key words
Poverty. Roma people. Social situation. Field social work with the Roma community.

KUREJ, **M. ŠLOSÁR, D. :** *The influence of family environment on the education of gypsy pupils*.

Abstract

The Bachelor‘s thesis is focusing on explanation of the influence of family environment on education of gypsy pupils. In general, It describes the functions of the family, its importance and specifics features of the educational process in gypsy family. It defines gypsy child in the school environment and it refers to particular features to the education of Gypsies. It describes Gypsies as a nation without its own state, its culture, language and their lifestyle, which has significant affect on the character of education of gypsy child. It gives its attention to the importance of social work and social help provided for Gypsies too.

Key words
Gypsy family. Gypsy minority. Gypsy community. Community worker.

LABUDOVA, A., **ORENDAC, P. :** *The analysis of social status of Romas in Slovakia*.

Abstract

This work is divided into three chapters where each is further broken down. The first chapter is devoted to the history of the Roma ethnic group in Slovakia. We point to the fact that Romany represent different ethnical and cultural configuration characterized by dissimilar value systems and cultural patterns as majority of population. The issue with interaction problems of Roma and non-Roma representatives, the attitudes between them, as well as the expected future relationships is addressed in second chapter. Within the outline we present the inquiry of discrimination against Romany and take a closer look at migration phenomenon. In this part we deal with the social work of community along with the requirements imposed on social workers who deal with Roma ethnicity. The issue of social positioning and poorness of Romany is introduced in third chapter in which phenomena’s such as poverty, unemployment, economic activities and strategies of Roma survival are analyzed. The conclusion consists of summary of the facts. It delivers proposition of certain measures, focuses on successful resolving of this issue which is not possible without the participation of all of the parties involved. Moreover, there is a need to draw attention to two target groups - not only to Romany but to the majority as well.

Key words
Romany. Majority. The migration of Romany. Poverty. The social exclusion. Unemployment.

LUKŠOVÁ, M. ONDRUŠOVÁ, Z. : *Social situation and poverty of the Romanies*.

Abstract

The main goal was to present at the theoretical level current social situation and the poverty of the Romany ethnic group in the historical, social and educational context. The first chapter of the work is focuses on the origin, specifics and living conditions of the Romany ethnic group. In the second chapter we turn our attention to factors that affect the current unfavorable situation, and poverty and the situation of Romanies in marginalized Romany settlements. The aim of the third chapter is to point out the options for solving the Romany problems in terms of social work, political actions and education. In conclusion we draws our attention to the vastness of the Romany issue, a number of programs and strategies for clarifying the solution, unsatisfactory results that are achieved over the last decade and the need to implement more efficient and resolutely steps to improve the quality of life of Romanies at the socio-political level. From the facts mentioned in the work is evident that it is a long process whose success depends not only on the measures the society, but first and foremost a willingness to increase the educational level, active involvement and cooperation of the Romany population itself.

Key words
Poverty. Romanies. Romany community. Social inclusion. Social exclusion.

LUTERANČÍK, M. , ORENDÁČ, P. : *Lifestyle Roma and their problems of socialization in the majority of society*

Abstract

Every ethnicity and ethnic group has its own history, its own value and understanding of negotiation models, own traditions. Therefore, we should be familiar with Roma culture, their habits, so we know they work together and build a better future. This issue inspired us, because as of this ethnic group we meet every day, whether it's traveling, shopping. In the introduction we give the history of Roma, through which we pass on to today's Roma. The core of our work are their habits and customs of the past, but today, because not all have fully preserved. It's the fact that present day forces them to adapt to our majorities. Later we went over to the spiritual life of the Roma and the reception of the sacraments and everything related. Also, we pay celebrities to Roma origin, which many people or even knew. They are people who admit their origins, or just about silent. In conclusion, our work, we analyze themes of access of Roma in social work and social security and socialization of the Roma in the majority society.

Key words
History. Family. Socialization. Social relations. Majority.

MAKAROVÁ D. , ORENDÁČ, P. : *The importance of the Roma community centers*.

Abstract

The aim of our bachelor´s thesis was to analyze the approaches and shares of the community centers to address the social situation of Roma. We highlight the need to address the Roma issue and seen it as a comprehensive and long-term problem. Our thesis is purely theoretical and consists of four chapters. The first chapter analyzes the specifics of the Roma population after the year 1989 and also deals with the characteristics of employment, education, housing situation, health status of Roma. The content of the second chapter is a description of the community and the types of communities. The third chapter focuses on the theory of community social work, community social worker's mission and the strategy of community work. In the last part of the work focused on the activity of the community centers and their importance.

Key words
Roma. Majority. Community. Community centers. Community social work.

MIŠENKOVÁ, J. , KOLLÁROVÁ, A. : *Education of Romany Learners and its Problems.*

Abstract

Upraise of level of education of the Romany ethnic is an important problem of the whole society. Their negative relation to education has been developing from the origin. Repressive steps towards parents in 60ties to 80ties of the last century brought a raise of education level and elimination of analphabetism, but did not make education for the Romany more valuable. Family has the most considerable impact to a Romany child. Upbringing in a Romany family does not lead to self-activity or individuality, but solidarity. Their model is a naturally intelligent Romany, whose success is measured mostly by his solvency. It is required to launch compulsory pre-school preparation or zeroth (preparatory) grades, if we want to help Romany children before their school entering. Romany assistant of a teacher plays an important role in this process. Mental and somatic uniqueness, absolute or inadequate knowledge of language of education and school attendance belong to determinants of school successfulness and unsuccessfulness of Romany learners. Unfavorable social environment noticeably influences negative qualities of Romany children and learners. Social work is realized not only during the time of education, but also in their free time. Social pedagogy can help to educate Romany intellectuals, pedagogues, theorists, creators of upbringing and education programs, to formulate goals, to set contents, to look for effective methods of work.

Key words
The Romany. Education. Romany learner. Social environment. Social pedagogy.

SALÁKOVÁ, V. , MAGERA, I. : *The lifestyle of the Romanies and their socialization problems in the majority society.*

Abstract

The theoretical part of the diploma work deals with the family relations in the Romany community, it is concerned with the history and origin of the Romanies, their arrival to the European areas as well as to the areas of the Slovak Republic. The work focuses on the lifestyle of the Romanies and shows their socialization problems in the majority society, the most serious social, cultural and civilization problems. It is necessary to realize that the Romany issue presents the combination of the ethnical and social buttress and it is needed to take into account both these buttresses by the formulation of the public policy. The diploma work deals with the upbringing and education of the Romanies and with the issue of the coexistence of the Romanies with non-Romanies. The theoretical part includes six chapters, whereas the last seventh chapter focuses on the social research among the Romany ethnicity. The aim of the diploma work is to depict the lifestyle of our Romany fellow- citizens, their socialization problems from the point of view of our democratic society and finally to point out the opinions of the socialization of the majority society members.

Key words
Romanies, Romany community, the origin of the Romanies, the lifestyle of the Romanies.

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